KPMG Consulting

SFA Modernization Project

September 13, 2001

A. SDLC Security Components

Vision	Definition	Construction	Deployment	Support	Retirement
Security Funding and Business Case					
Security Requirements					
MOU / SLA					
Roles and Responsibilities					
System Security Documentation					
	Training		Training		
	Certification and Accreditation				
	Personnel Security				
		Risk Assessment			
			Risk Mitigation		
				Risk Management	
					Physical Destruction

> Modernization Project managers will receive training on security work required thorought their project life cycle.

A. SDLC Security Deliverables

Vision	Definition	Construction	Deployment	Support	Retirement

Business Case
- Business Case

Security Requirements
- RFP Security Requirements
- Task Order - Security
- Security Identification
- Security Guidance Matrix
- Threat & Vulnerability Assessment

MOU / SLA
- List of Business Partners
- Draft MOU / SLA
- Final MOU / SLA

Roles and Responsibilities
- Assignment Letters
- System Roles

Examples of all required documentation will be made available for project Managers.

System Security Documentation

Vision	Definition	Construction	Deployment	Support	Retirement
• Security Artifacts • Electronic File Structure	• System Interconnections	• Draft Security Plan • Draft COOP • Draft DRP	• Final Security Plan • Final COOP • Final DRP	• Follow OMB-A130 III • Follow GISRA • Follow Federal Guidance	• Retention and Destruction Plan

Training

	• SSO Training	• Training Curriculum	• User Training Schedule	• Annual Refresher Training • New User Training	

Certification and Accreditation

	• Project Plan	• Draft SSAA	• Final SSAA • Certification Letter • Accreditation Letter	• Recertification	

Personnel Security

	• Rules of Behavior • Clearance Requirements • Contractor Background Forms • Contractor Access Forms	• Contractor Access Letters • User Background Forms • User Access Forms		• Continuous Maintenance	

Risk Assessment
- Level of Risk
- Corrective Action Plan

Risk Mitigation
- Completed CAP
- Security Test Plan
- Test Results

Risk Management
- Documented Completion of Test Results
- Updated Operational Procedures
- Updated Test Results

Physical Destruction
- Sanitize, Destroy and
- Archive

Single Sign-On is a function of Access Control Technology (ACT). This is current Modernization Work on the Placemat.

Access Control Technology (ACT)

Here are my credentials.
The process of presenting a unique identifier to an information resource.

Do you recognize me?
The process of verifying the user log on credentials.

What systems and services can I access?
Attributes assigned to a user account that indicate what systems, applications and services the user can access.

What can I do in those services?
Access privileges assigned to a user account that allow the user to perform desired actions, such as View, Create, Modify, Delete or Enroll.

Identification

Authentication

Authorization

Entitlements

Security Management

How do I enroll for new services?
Potential area for significant savings.

What do I do if I cannot access my account?
A single group could be made responsible for administration of user accounts, currently dispersed across SFA business units.
Individuals should have self-service capability to increase satisfaction and decrease administration cost.

Our Modernization Project has focused on building ACT as a re-usable service across the enterprise. The Single Sign-On Project for the Schools Portal is the first attempt to normalize sign-ons and increase user satisfaction.
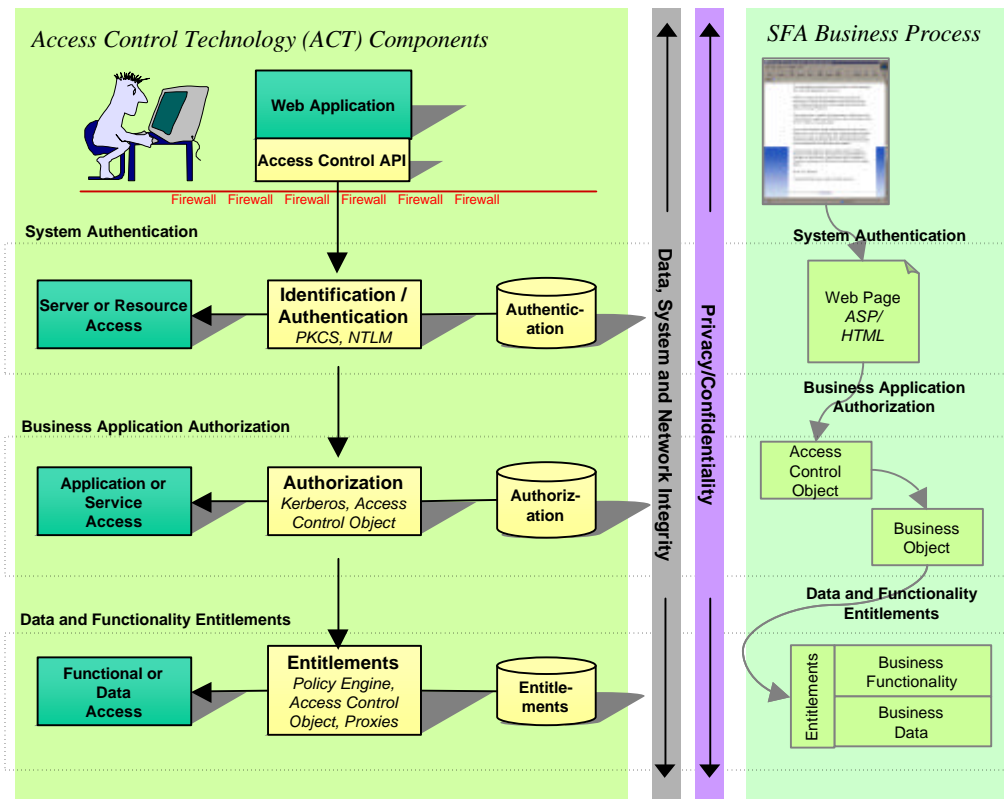
B. Access Control Components

- ACT manages how you access services, accounts, resources and data. An individual's identity is authenticated and the authenticated identity is used to determine what resources, services and information the individual can access.
- This is a tiered mechanism that can protect a systems environment at many different levels, including:

    - **Granting access to a web server**
    - **Restricting which accounts can be acted on**
    - **Defining what services are available**
    - **Further refining actions that can be executed within a service**

Access control will be administered by both SFA and trusted partners.

User enrollment and management could be centralized to create a share in savings opportunity. (But someone will lose their current business opportunity.)

Access Control Technology (ACT) Components

Web Application

Access Control API

Firewall Firewall Firewall Firewall Firewall Firewall

System Authentication

Server or Resource Access — Identification / Authentication *PKCS, NTLM* — Authentic-ation

Business Application Authorization

Application or Service Access — Authorization *Kerberos, Access Control Object* — Authoriz-ation

Data and Functionality Entitlements

Functional or Data Access — Entitlements *Policy Engine, Access Control Object, Proxies* — Entitle-ments

Data, System and Network Integrity

Privacy/Confidentiality

SFA Business Process

System Authentication

Web Page *ASP/ HTML*

Business Application Authorization

Access Control Object

Business Object

Data and Functionality Entitlements

Entitlements

Business Functionality

Business Data

B. ACT Implementation at SFA

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PUBLIC SERVICES

Our work on Single Sign On has brought forward three findings that we did not know before: 1) User IDs must be normalized across applications; 2) A directory service is most often used to normalize IDs; and 3) SFA needs to cross business channels and assign ACT to one manager (CIO?).

SSLv3 128-bit

Internet

External Client

Firewall

getAccess Access Server

Web Server w/ getAccess runtime agent

getAccess Registry Server

LDAP

Application Server

BLOCKADE Proxy Server with Mainframe Access

Mainframe

SSLv3 128-bit

Internet

External Client

Firewall

Web Server w/ SiteMinder agent

Netegrity Policy Server

LDAP

Application Server w/ SiteMinder Agent

Proxy Server- Security Bridge with Mainframe Access

Mainframe

Two Sample Vendor Solution Designs Considered for Single Sign-On at SFA

Page 7